Attachment A

Comparison of Previous Tier I to Core Measures

Previous Tier I Measures	Core Measures
New Employer Status Determinations: % of new status determinations within 90/180 days of Q/E date. > 60% within 90 days of Q/E date	New Employer Status Determinations: % of new status determinations within 90 days of Q/E date. ➤ 70% within 90 days of Q/E date
> 80% within 180 days of Q/E date	
Acceptance Sample for Accuracy: 60 New Status DeterminationsPass with no more than 6 Failed Cases	Tax Quality: New measure using data currently collected under TPS as sample scores for the tax functions. ➤ No more than 3 failures out of the 13 tax functions reviewed under TPS in a year nor any single function failing the TPS review for 3 consecutive years.
Timeliness of Transfer to the UTF: Ratio of the monthly average daily loanable balance to the average daily transfer to the Trust Fund divided by the number of days in the month. (No criterion set)	
Timeliness of deposit into state's clearing account: > % of employer contributions deposited into the state's clearing account within three days of receipt. (Criterion not set)	(Included in the Tax Quality Core Measure above.) ➤ 90% of employer contributions deposited into the state's clearing account within 3 days.
First Payment Timeliness: Number of days elapsed from week-ending date of the first compensable week in benefit year to date payment is made in person, mailed, or offset/intercept is applied on the claim.	First Payment Timeliness: Number of days elapsed from week-ending date of the first compensable week in benefit year to date payment is made in person, mailed, or offset/intercept is applied on the claim.
> 87% of first payments within 14/21 ¹ days: Intrastate UI, full weeks ²	> 87% of all first payments including Intra + Interstate UI, UCFE, UCX, full & partial weeks, made within 14/21¹ days. Excludes Workshare, episodic claims such as DUA, and retroactive payments for a compensable waiting period.
> 93% of 1st Payments within 35 days: Intrastate UI, full weeks ²	
> 70% of 1st Payments within 14/21 days: Interstate UI, full weeks ²	
> 78% of 1st Payments within 35 days: Interstate UI, full weeks ²	

¹ "14/21" days: SWAs requiring a waiting week before the payment of a week of benefits must make the first payment within 14 days of the week-ending date of the first compensable week claimed. SWAs with no waiting week requirement must make the first payment within 21 days of the week-ending date of the first compensable week claimed.

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² Current measurement for Secretary's Standards.

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Comparison of Previous Tier I to Core Measures 90% of all first payments, including Intra + Interstate UI, UCFE, UCX, full & partial weeks, within 14/21 days 95% of all first payments, including Intra + Interstate UI, UCFE, UCX, full & partial weeks, within 35 days Nonmonetary Determinations Timeliness: Number of Nonmonetary Determinations Timeliness: Number of days elapsed from date of detection by the state of any days elapsed from date of detection by the state of any nonmonetary issue that had the potential to affect the nonmonetary issue that had the potential to affect the claimant's past, present or future benefit rights to the claimant's past, present or future benefit rights to the date on the determination. date on the determination: a study of errors in reporting will be done this performance year to find whether 80% of Separation Determinations within 21 SWAs can report detection date correctly within days of Detection Date: Intra + Interstate UI, standards of validity. UCFE, UCX Programs, full + partial weeks 80% of Nonseparation Determinations within 14 80% of All Determinations within 21 days of days of Detection Date: Intra + Interstate UI, Detection Date: Intra + Interstate UI, UCFE, UCFE, UCX Programs, full + partial weeks UCX Programs, full + partial weeks Nonmonetary Determinations Quality: Evaluation Nonmonetary Determinations Quality: Evaluation results of quarterly samples of nonmonetary results of quarterly samples of nonmonetary determinations selected from the universe of determinations selected from the universe of nonmonetary determinations reported by the 9052 report. nonmonetary determinations reported on the 9052 Intra + Interstate UI, UCFE, UCX. report. Intra + Interstate UI, UCFE, UCX. 75% of Separation and Nonseparation Separation and nonseparation samples must each meet Determinations with Quality Scores >80 points: the threshold criteria for case material found and issue Score weighted by universe population size. validity without reference to the validity of the other. Results will be reported separately for separation and nonseparation issues. Scores weighted by universe population size for annual report only. > 75% of separations scoring >80 points. > 75% of nonseparations scoring >80 points. Detection of Overpayments: Overpayments (dollars) established for recovery as a percent of the overpaid amount estimated through BAM that the state can detect and recover. (Categories of overpayments that vary greatly from state to state or may be "technical" overpayments – failure to meet work search requirements and be registered with ES – are excluded from the measure.) > % of all detectable/recoverable overpayments established for recovery: ALP will be set after a 1-year review of the data.

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Lower Authority Appeals Timeliness: Number of days elapsed from the date the request for a lower authority appeals hearing is filed to the date of the decision. 60% of Lower Authority Appeals Decided within 30 days of filing: Intra + Interstate UI, UCFE, UCX ²	Average Age of Pending Lower Authority Appeals: a count of all pending Lower Authority Appeals divided into the sum of their age in days. (Contingent upon OMB approval to collect the data.) Performance goal deferred until state performance using the new parameters has been recorded for four quarters.
➤ 80% of Lower Authority Appeals Decided within 45 days of filing: Intra + Interstate UI, UCFE, UCX ²	
95% of Lower Authority Appeals Decided within 90 days of filing: Intra + Interstate UI, UCFE, UCX (no criterion set)	
Higher Authority Appeals Timeliness: Number of days elapsed from the date a higher authority appeal is filed to date of the decision.	Average Age of Pending Higher Authority Appeals: a count of all pending Higher Authority Appeals divided into the sum of their age in days. (Contingent upon OMB approval to collect the data.)
➤ 50% of Higher Authority Appeals Decided within 45 Days of filing: Intra + Interstate UI, UCFE, UCX	 Performance goal deferred until state performance using the new parameters has been recorded for four quarters.
➤ 80% of Higher Authority Appeals Decided within 75 Days of filing: Intra + Interstate UI, UCFE, UCX	
➤ 95% of Higher Authority Appeals Decided within 150 Days of filing: Intra + Interstate UI, UCFE, UCX	

Lower Authority Appeals Quality: Evaluation results of quarterly samples of lower authority benefit appeals hearings selected and evaluated as instructed in ET Handbook #382 (2nd edition). Intra + Interstate UI, UCFE, UCX. > 80% of Lower Authority Appeals with quality scores at least 85% of potential points.	Lower Authority Appeals Quality: Evaluation results of quarterly samples of lower authority benefit appeals hearings selected and evaluated as instructed in ET Handbook #382 (2nd edition). Intra + Interstate UI, UCFE, UCX. (No change from Tier I measure.) > 80% of Lower Authority Appeals with quality scores at least 85% of potential points.
	Facilitate Reemployment: The percent of UI claimants who become reemployed within the quarter following their first UI payment. (Contingent upon OMB approval to collect the data.) Performance goal deferred until data have been collected from all SWAs for four quarters.