U.S. Department of Labor

Office of Labor-Management Standards Dallas-New Orleans District Office 600 S. Maestri Place, Suite 604 New Orleans, LA 70130 (504) 589-6174 Fax: (504) 589-7174



September 18, 2018

Ms. Elizabeth Saxon, President/Secretary Treasurer United Flight Attendants' Association

Case Number: 420-6014313 LM Number: 000403

Dear Ms. Saxon:

This office has recently completed an audit of United Flight Attendants' Association (UFAA) under the Compliance Audit Program (CAP) to determine your organization's compliance with the provisions of the Labor-Management Reporting and Disclosure Act of 1959 (LMRDA). As discussed during the exit interview with you on September 17, 2018, the following problems were disclosed during the CAP. The matters listed below are not an exhaustive list of all possible problem areas since the audit conducted was limited in scope.

Recordkeeping Violations

Title II of the LMRDA establishes certain reporting and recordkeeping requirements. Section 206 requires, among other things, that labor organizations maintain adequate records for at least five years by which each receipt and disbursement of funds, as well as all account balances, can be verified, explained, and clarified. As a general rule, labor organizations must maintain all records used or received in the course of union business.

For disbursements, this includes not only original bills, invoices, receipts, vouchers, and applicable resolutions, but also documentation showing the nature of the union business requiring the disbursement, the goods or services received, and the identity of the recipient(s) of the goods or services. In most instances, this documentation requirement can be satisfied with a sufficiently descriptive expense receipt or invoice. If an expense receipt is not sufficiently descriptive, a union officer or employee should write a note on it providing the additional information. For money it receives, the labor organization must keep at least one record showing the date, amount, purpose, and source of that money. The labor organization must also retain bank records for all accounts.

The audit of UFAA's 2017 records revealed the following recordkeeping violations:

General Disbursed Expenses

UFAA did not retain adequate documentation for two payments made to Andy Plagens, LLC totaling \$991.90 and nine payments to Freedom Voice totaling \$80.86.

As noted above, labor organizations must retain original receipts, bills, and vouchers for all disbursements. The president and treasurer (or corresponding principal officers) of your union, who are required to sign your union's LM report, are responsible for properly maintaining union records.

Based on your assurance that the UFAA will retain adequate documentation in the future, OLMS will take no further enforcement action at this time regarding the above violations.

Reporting Violations

The audit disclosed a violation of LMRDA Section 201(b), which requires labor organizations to file annual financial reports accurately disclosing their financial condition and operations. The Labor Organization Annual Report LM-3 filed by the UFAA for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017, was deficient in the following area:

Disbursements to Officers

The UFAA did not include a reimbursement to an officer totaling \$1,694.64 in Item 24 (All Officers and Disbursements to Officers). It appears the union erroneously reported this payment in Item 48.

The union must report most direct disbursements to UFAA officers and some indirect disbursements made on behalf of its officers in Item 24. A "direct disbursement" to an officer is a payment made to an officer in the form of cash, property, goods, services, or other things of value. See the instructions for Item 24 for a discussion of certain direct disbursements to officers that do not have to be reported in Item 24. An "indirect disbursement" to an officer is a payment to another party (including a credit card company) for cash, property, goods, services, or other things of value received by or on behalf of an officer. However, indirect disbursements for temporary lodging (such as a union check issued to a hotel) or for transportation by a public carrier (such as an airline) for an officer traveling on union business should be reported in Item 48 (Office and Administrative Expense).

I am not requiring that the UFAA file an amended LM report for 2017 to correct the deficient items, but the UFAA has agreed to properly report the deficient items on all future reports it files with OLMS.

I want to extend my personal appreciation to the UFAA for the cooperation and courtesy extended during this compliance audit. I strongly recommend that you make sure this letter and the compliance assistance materials provided to you are passed on to future officers. If we can provide any additional assistance, please do not hesitate to call.

Sincerely,

Senior Investigator