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Dislocation & Reemployment Services: Recent Evaluation Findings

Prepared by

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Recent and Planned Data Collection

Evaluation of Trade Adjustment Assistance

- Administrative data collection
- Site visits to 30 States and 63 local offices
- Survey of TAA eligibles and comparison group

Evaluation of Rapid Response Services

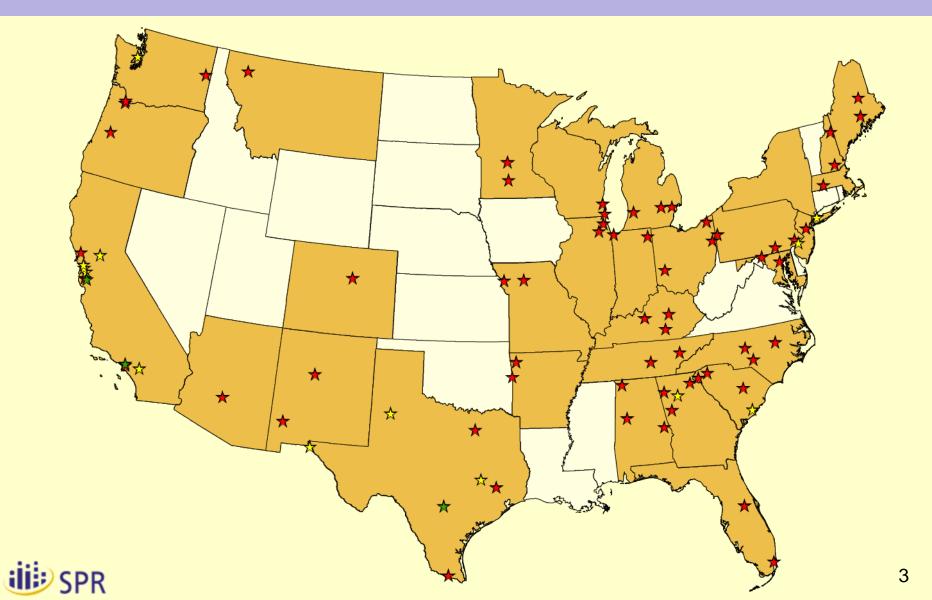
- Site visits to 8 States and 4 LWIAs
- Survey of Rapid Response coordinators

Evaluation of One-Stop Self-Services

- Site visits to 9 States and 14 LWIAs
- Survey of One-Stop Resource Room customers

Additional data collection for 2009-2010

Site Visit Locations



Selected Findings

Selected Findings on Key Principles



- Promote early intervention
- Facilitate take-up into TAA and other services
- Promote rapid, suitable reemployment

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Critical Role for Rapid Response

- Presented in association with every major dislocation
- Presents a broad mix of services
 - Range of One-Stop Career Center services
 - Financial guidance and credit counseling
 - Health care, health insurance, and mental health
 - Entrepreneurial training
 - Strategies for coping
- Critical for moving workers into services quickly
- Surveys workers to identify their likely needs early
- Sometimes leads to the filing of a petition for TAA

Innovative Practices in Rapid Response

Proactive Efforts

- Some efforts to develop early warning systems
- Aversion attempted (though not often successful)
 Services to Employers
 - Aversion activities, such as business consulting

Early Intervention

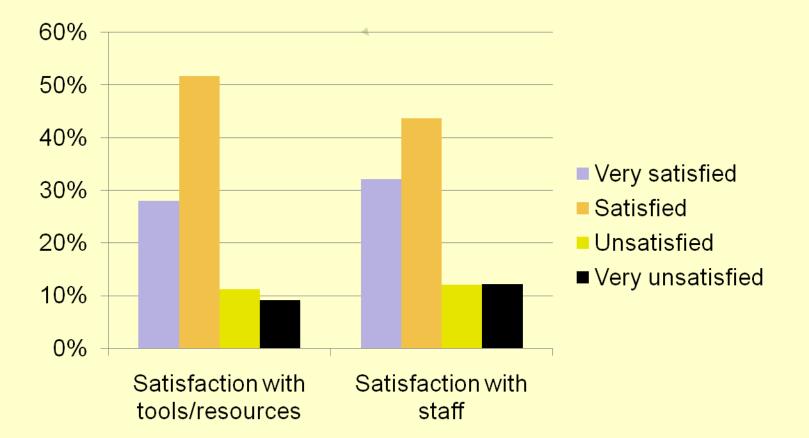
- Pre-layoff re-employment services used some of the time, though obstacles limit use
- Use of labor-management committees

State Financial Contributions to Rapid Response



Self-Services Quality Ratings

Self-services are generally of good quality

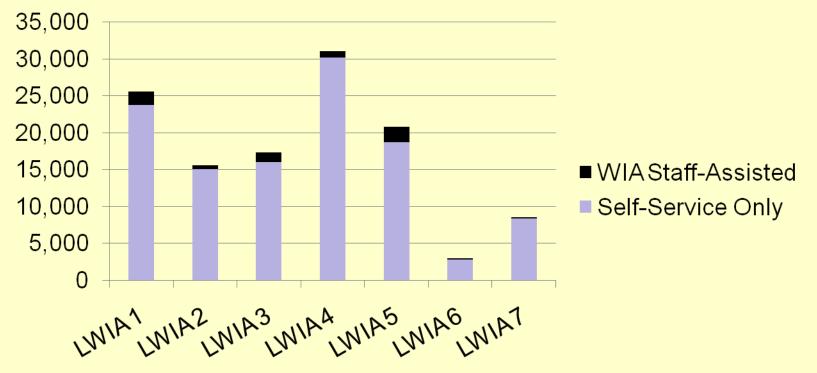




Self-Services Under Considerable Strain

But the volume of customers can be overwhelming

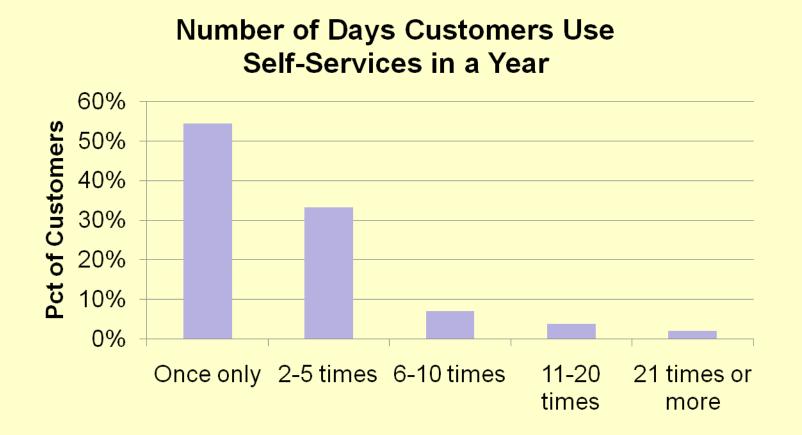
Annual Number of New Customers in 7 LWIAs



Source: WIASRD and data on self-services gathered from LWIAs



Many Customers are Frequent Users



Source: Data on self-services gathered from LWIAs



Perspective of Self-Services Customers

Self-service customers tend disproportionately to:

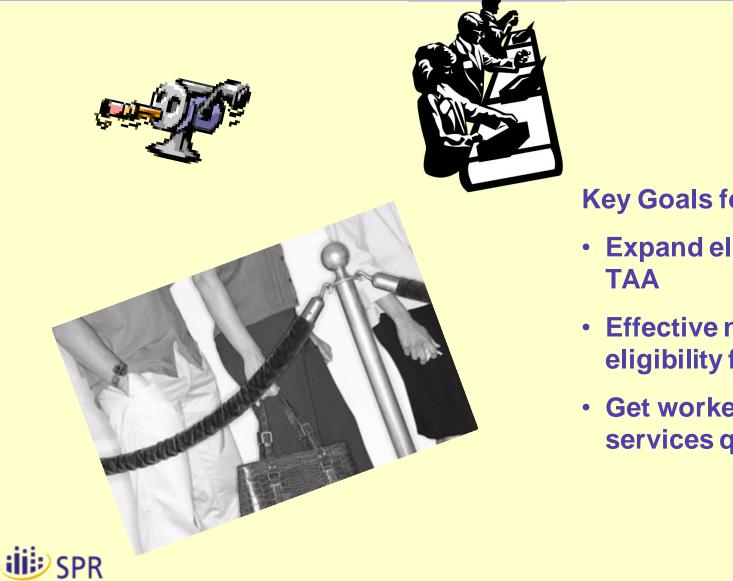
- Be younger or older
- Be high school dropouts
- Have poor basic skills
- Have poor computer literacy skills

Opinions are mixed. Customers ...

- Are mostly satisfied with staff & facilities, but...
- About half report that services weren't helpful in finding a job



Promoting Take-up into Services

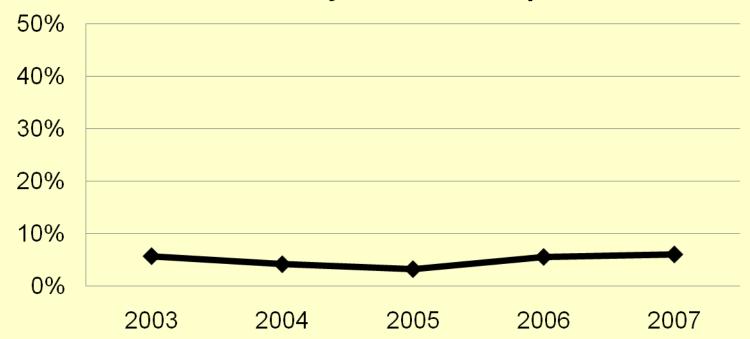


Key Goals for TAA

- Expand eligibility for
- Effective notification of eligibility for services
- Get workers into services quickly

Petitions Certified, by Type

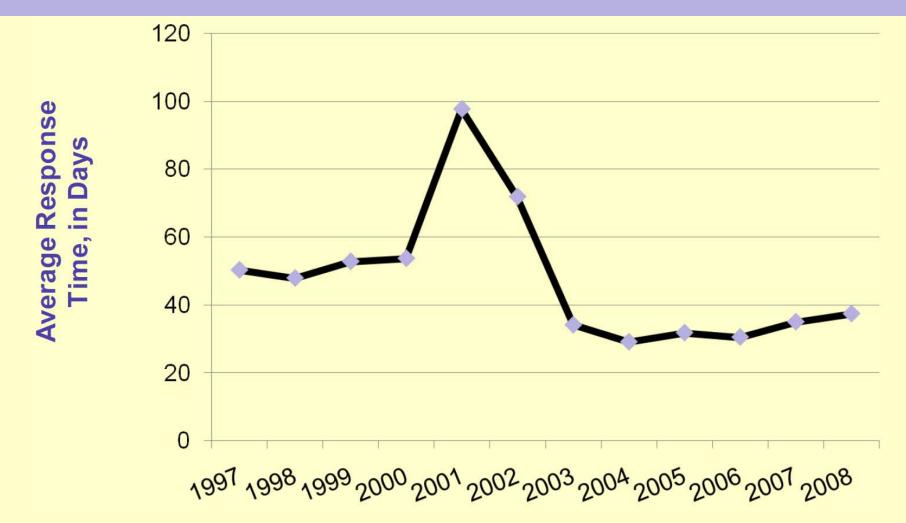
Percent of Petitions Certified that Cover Secondary Worker Groups



Source: USDOL



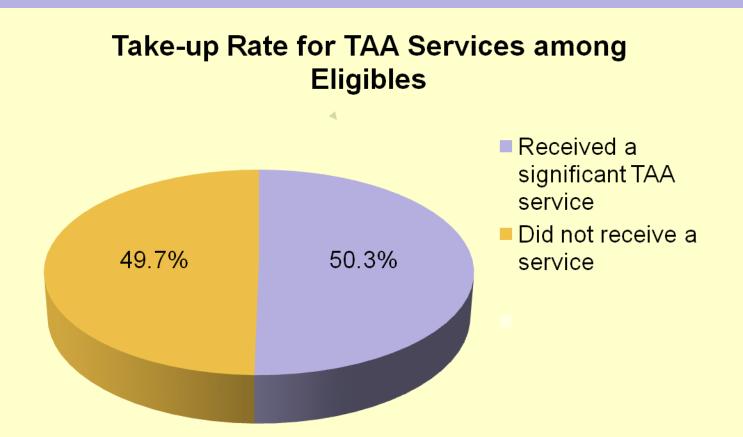
DOL Response Time for Petitions Filed



Source: USDOL



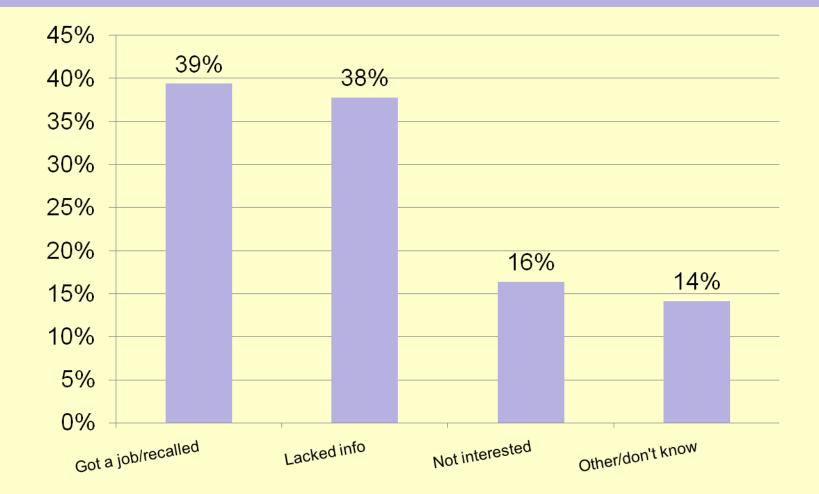
Promote Take-up for Services



Source: Survey of TAA eligibles.



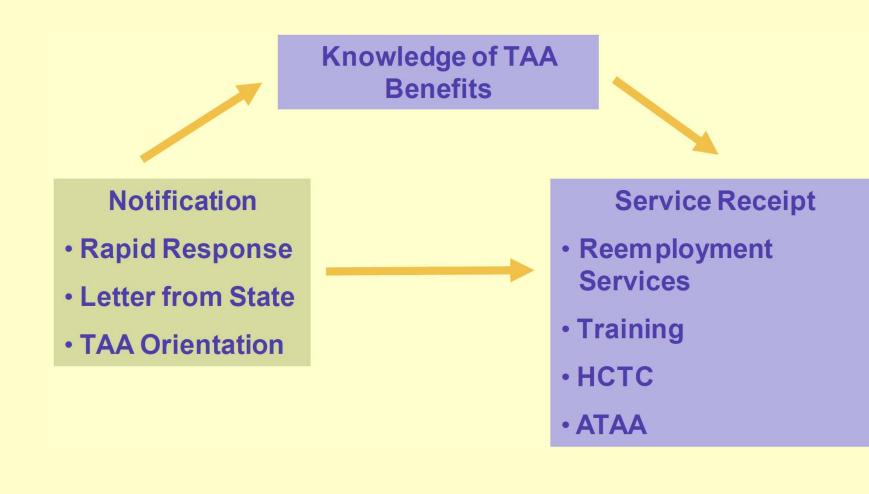
Why Didn't Eligible Workers Apply for TAA?



Source: Survey of TAA eligibles. Respondents reported multiple reasons so numbers sum to more than 100%.



Notification of Benefits Is Generally Linked to Knowledge and Service Receipt





Vulnerable worker groups less knowledgeable of TAA and receive fewer services

- TAA eligibles who do not speak English at home or did not complete high school
 - Less knowledgeable about benefits
 - Less likely to receive reemployment services (but not necessarily less likely to enroll in training)



8/16 Rule Counter-Productive

Clear and Reasonable Intent, but...

8/16 Turns Out to be Too Quick for Many

- Notification and TAA eligibility must come first
- Need for training must be established
- Training plan developed

Unforeseen Negative Consequences

- Effects largely undermined by widespread use of waivers
- Massive increase in workload for line staff

Promoting Rapid, Suitable Reemployment



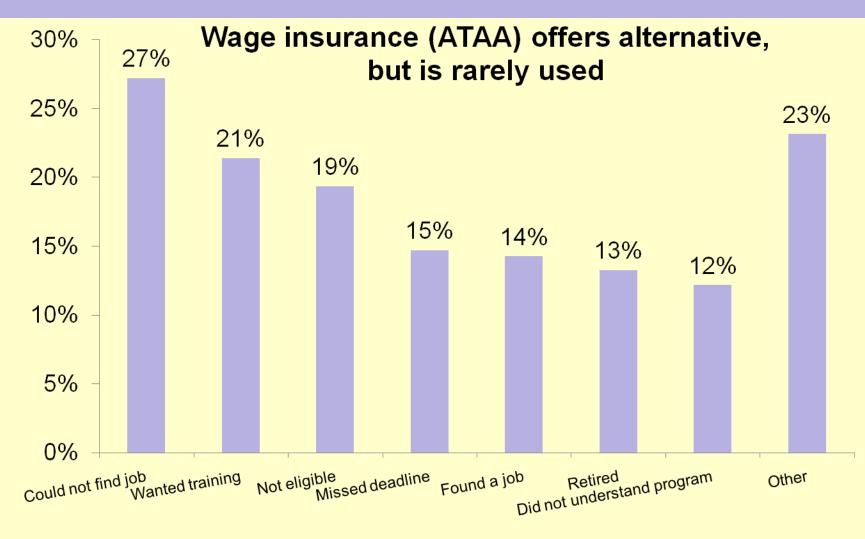
Wrap-Around Services Often Missing

Potentially critical role of wrap-around services in assuring successful outcomes, yet...

- TAA's funding restrictions constrained how much case management could be provided
- Upfront assessment & service planning and posttraining placement assistance often missing
- Co-enrollment in WIA could fill this gap, but WIA may not be able to serve all



Reasons Eligibles Didn't Apply for ATAA



Source: Survey of TAA eligibles



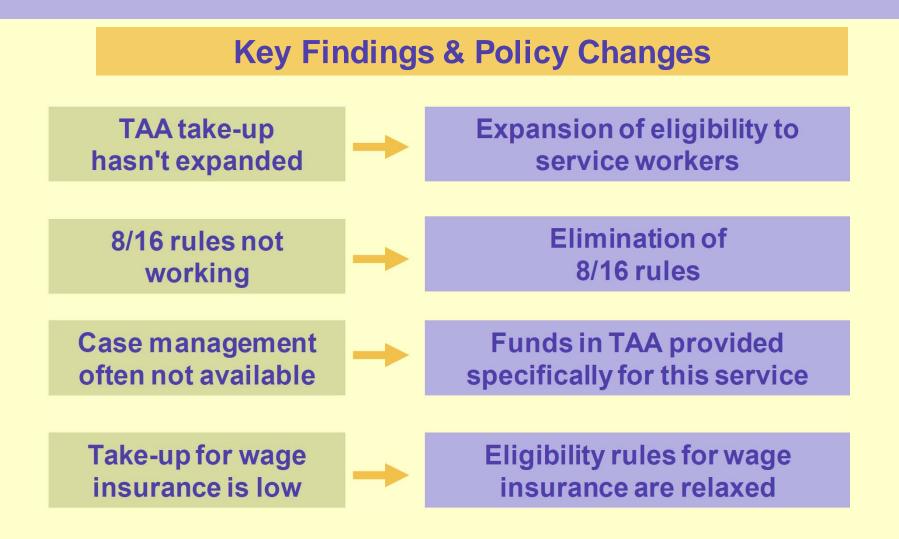
Conclusions

Implications and Next Steps



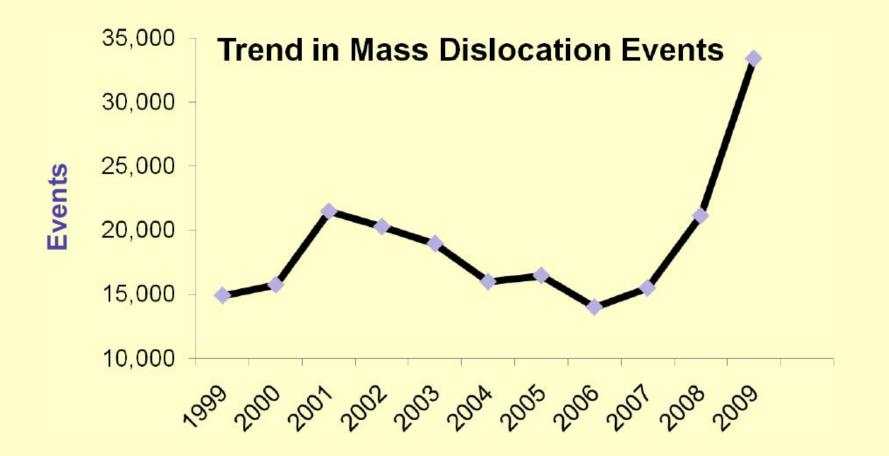


2009 Amendments Fix Some Problems



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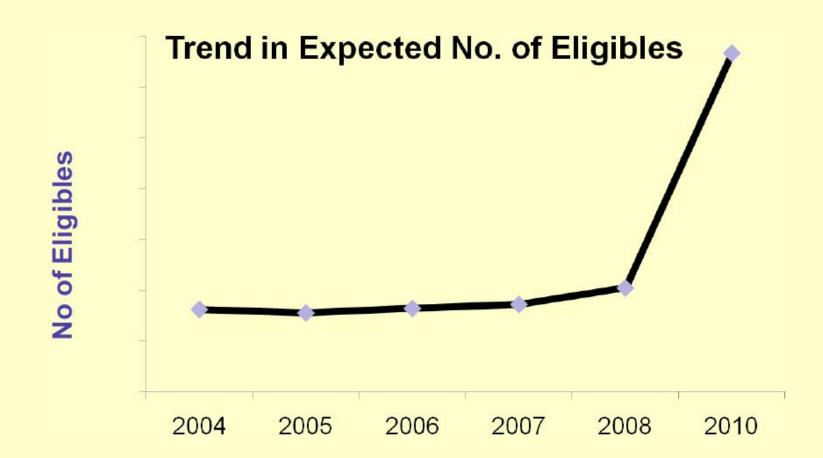
Changing Economic Environment



Source: BLS Mass Layoff Statistics (2009 figures are projected)



Number of TAA Eligibles Will Surge



Source: DOL Petition Data (2010 figures are projected)





Questions to Investigate in Upcoming Data Collection

- Ability of Rapid Response, One-Stop Career Center self-services, and TAA service delivery to deal with the surge in the eligible pool
- Adequacy of TAA funds to provide case management services and effects on co-enrollment
- Effect of changes on wage insurance take-up





For Comments or Further Information

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