Teamsters Local 575 Pension Plan EIN: 22-1921819 PN: 001

Exhibit I PPA Zone Certification As of January 1, 2009

The Trustees have elected to freeze the Plan's zone certification as permitted by WRERA. Based on the following actuarial measures, the Plan was classified as "Critical" (Red Zone) as per the Pension Protection Act last year, and will be classified as Critical again this year.

This certification was prepared on behalf of the Teamsters local 575 Pension Plan based on employee data, asset statements and plan documents provided by the Plan Sponsor or its representatives. We relied upon the data as submitted, without formal audit. However, the data was tested for reasonableness, and we have no reason to believe that any other information which would have had a material effect on the results of this valuation was overlooked.

Therefore, to the best of our knowledge and belief, the information presented in this certification is complete and accurate, and each assumption used represents our best estimate of anticipated experience under the Plan.

The assumptions used are those used in the December 31, 2007 actuarial valuation including a 7.75% interest rate assumption.

Certified by:

Craig A. Voelker, FSA, MAAA, EA

Enrolled Actuary No.: 08-05537

Cry A.V.S

April 2009

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Exhibit II Notice of Critical Status As of January 1, 2009

The actuary for the Teamsters Local 575 Pension Plan has certified that the Pension Plan is in Critical Status. Critical Status is described in Section 432 of the Internal Revenue Code. The Pension Plan's assets are less than 65% of its liabilities.

As required by law, this serves as Notice to you that the Pension Fund is in Critical Status as of January 1, 2009.

For more information about this notice, you may contact:

Ms. Betty DiLullo Benefit Services 2185 Lemoine Avenue Fort Lee, NJ 07024

You may also make an inquiry with the United States Department of Labor at:

Division of Technical Assistance and Inquiries Employee Benefits Security Administration U.S. Department of Labor Washington, DC 20210

DATE SENT:

April 2009

Annual Funding Notice for Teamsters Local 575 Pension Fund

Introduction

This notice includes important funding information about your pension plan ("the Plan"). This notice also provides a summary of federal rules governing multiemployer plans in reorganization and insolvent plans and benefit payments guaranteed by the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation (PBGC), a federal agency. This notice is for the plan year beginning January 1, 2008 and ending December 31, 2008 (referred to hereafter as "Plan Year").

Funded Percentage

The funded percentage of a plan is a measure of how well that plan is funded. This percentage is obtained by dividing the Plan's assets by its liabilities on the valuation date for the plan year. In general, the higher the percentage, the better funded the plan. The Plan's funded percentage for the Plan Year and 2 preceding plan years is set forth in the chart below, along with a statement of the value of the Plan's assets and liabilities for the same period.

	2008 Plan Year	2007 Plan Year	2006 Plan Year
Valuation Date	January 1, 2008	N/A	N/A
Funded Percentage	55.7%	N/A	N/A
Value of Assets	\$828,469	N/A	N/A
Value of Liabilities	\$1,488,548	N/A	N/A

Transition Data

For a brief transition period, the Plan is not required by law to report certain funding related information because such information may not exist for plan years before 2008. The plan has entered "not applicable" in the chart above to identify the information it does not have. In lieu of that information, however, the Plan is providing you with comparable information that reflects the funding status of the Plan under the law then in effect. For 2007, the Plan's "funded current liability percentage" was 41.8%, the Plan's assets were \$894,445, and Plan liabilities were \$2,138,742. For 2006, the Plan's "funded current liability percentage" was 44.4%, the Plan's assets were \$895,698, and Plan liabilities were \$2,015,846.

Fair Market Value of Assets

The Plan is permitted to use actuarial smoothing to dampen possible volatility in the market value of assets. However, the Plan uses the market value of assets as its actuarial value of assets, therefore, the asset values in the chart and paragraph above are market values. The market value of assets as of December 31, 2008 is \$297,047.

Events with Material Effect on Assets or Liabilities

Federal law requires trustees to provide in this notice a written explanation of events, taking effect in the current plan year, which are expected to have a material effect on plan liabilities or assets. There are no such events for the current plan year.

Right to Request a Copy of the Annual Report

A pension plan is required to file with the US Department of Labor an annual report (i.e., Form 5500) containing financial and other information about the plan. Copies of the annual report are available from the US Department of Labor, Employee Benefits Security Administration's Public Disclosure Room at 200 Constitution Avenue, NW, Room N-1513, Washington, DC 20210, or by calling 202.693.8673. Or you may obtain a copy of the Plan's annual report by making a written request to the plan administrator.

Summary of Rules Governing Plans in Reorganization and Insolvent Plans

Federal law has a number of special rules that apply to financially troubled multiemployer plans. Under so-called "plan reorganization rules," a plan with adverse financial experience may need to increase required contributions and may, under certain circumstances, reduce benefits that are not eligible for the PBGC's guarantee (generally, benefits that have been in effect for less than 60 months). If a plan is in reorganization status, it must provide notification that the plan is in reorganization status and that, if contributions are not increased, accrued benefits under the plan may be reduced or an excise tax may be imposed (or both). The law requires the plan to furnish this notification to each contributing employer and the labor organization.

Despite the special plan reorganization rules, a plan in reorganization nevertheless could become insolvent. A plan is insolvent for a plan year if its available financial resources are not sufficient to pay benefits when due for the plan year. An insolvent plan must reduce benefit payments to the highest level that can be paid from the plan's available financial resources. If such resources are not enough to pay benefits at a level specified by law (see Benefit Payments Guaranteed by the PBGC, below), the plan must apply to the PBGC for financial assistance. The PBGC, by law, will loan the plan the amount necessary to pay benefits at the guaranteed level. Reduced benefits may be restored if the plan's financial condition improves.

A plan that becomes insolvent must provide prompt notification of the insolvency to participants and beneficiaries, contributing employers, labor unions representing participants, and PBGC. In addition, participants and beneficiaries also must receive information regarding whether, and how, their benefits will be reduced or affected as a result of the insolvency, including loss of a lump sum option. This information will be provided for each year the plan is insolvent.

Benefit Payments Guaranteed by the PBGC

The maximum benefit that the PBGC guarantees is set by law. Only vested benefits are guaranteed. Specifically, the PBGC guarantees a monthly benefit payment equal to 100 percent of the first \$11 of the Plan's monthly benefit accrual rate, plus 75 percent of the next \$33 of the accrual rate, times each year of credited service. The PBGC's maximum guarantee, therefore, is \$35.75 per month times a participant's years of credited service.

Example 1: If a participant with 10 years of credited service has an accrued monthly benefit of \$500, the accrual rate for purposes of determining the PBGC guarantee would be determined by dividing the monthly benefit by the participant's years of service (\$500/10), which equals \$50. The guaranteed amount for a \$50 monthly accrual rate is equal to the sum of \$11 plus \$24.75

Participant Information

The total number of participants in the plan as of the Plan's valuation date was 329. Of this number, 118 were active participants, 77 were retired or separated from service and receiving benefits, and 134 were retired or separated from service and entitled to future benefits.

Funding & Investment Policies

The law requires that every pension plan have a procedure for establishing a funding policy to carry out the plan objectives. A funding policy relates to the level of contributions needed to pay for benefits promised under the plan currently and over the years. The funding policy of the Plan is to collect employer contributions and set the benefits to a level that can reasonably be expected to be provided by those contributions after taking into account future investment returns and the expenses inherent in running the Plan.

Once money is contributed to the Plan, the money is invested by plan officials called fiduciaries. Specific investments are made in accordance with the Plan's investment policy. Generally speaking, an investment policy is a written statement that provides the fiduciaries who are responsible for plan investments with guidelines or general instructions concerning various types or categories of investment management decisions. The investment policy of the Plan is to allocate a target of 65% of its assets in domestic equities, a target of 30% of its assets in domestic fixed income, and 5% in other investments.

In accordance with the Plan's investment policy, the Plan's assets were allocated among the following categories of investments, as of the end of the Plan Year. These allocations are percentages of total assets:

Asset Allocations	Percentage
 Interest-bearing cash 	0.7%
2. Domestic equities	64.3%
3. Domestic fixed income	35.0%

Critical or Endangered Status

Under federal pension law a plan generally will be considered to be in "endangered" status if, at the beginning of the plan year, the funded percentage of the plan is less than 80 percent or in "critical" status if the percentage is less than 65 percent (other factors may also apply). If a pension plan enters endangered status, the trustees of the plan are required to adopt a funding improvement plan. Similarly, if a pension plan enters critical status, the trustees of the plan are required to adopt a rehabilitation plan. Rehabilitation and funding improvement plans establish steps and benchmarks for pension plans to improve their funding status over a specified period of time.

Last year (ending December 31, 2008), the Plan was in "critical" status in the Plan Year because the Plan was less than 65% funded. In an effort to improve the Plan's funding situation, the trustees adopted a Rehabilitation Plan in September 2008 that removed early retirement. Employer contributions will generally increase \$12 per month in 2009, then \$15 per month in 2010, then \$25 per month in 2011 and 2012.

You may obtain a copy of the Plan's funding improvement or rehabilitation plan and the actuarial and financial data that demonstrate any action taken by the plan toward fiscal improvement by contacting the plan administrator.

 $(.75 \times \$33)$, or \$35.75. Thus, the participant's guaranteed monthly benefit is \$357.50 ($\35.75×10).

Example 2: If the participant in Example 1 has an accrued monthly benefit of \$200, the accrual rate for purposes of determining the guarantee would be \$20 (or \$200/10). The guaranteed amount for a \$20 monthly accrual rate is equal to the sum of \$11 plus \$6.75 (.75 x \$9), or \$17.75. Thus, the participant's guaranteed monthly benefit would be \$177.50 (\$17.75 x 10).

The PBGC guarantees pension benefits payable at normal retirement age and some early retirement benefits. In calculating a person's monthly payment, the PBGC will disregard any benefit increases that were made under the plan within 60 months before the earlier of the plan's termination or insolvency (or benefits that were in effect for less than 60 months at the time of termination or insolvency). Similarly, the PBGC does not guarantee pre-retirement death benefits to a spouse or beneficiary (e.g., a qualified pre-retirement survivor annuity) if the participant dies after the plan terminates, benefits above the normal retirement benefit, disability benefits not in pay status, or non-pension benefits, such as health insurance, life insurance, death benefits, vacation pay, or severance pay.

Where to Get More Information

For more information about this notice, you may contact Lucille Hart at (201) 592-6800 or by mail at Teamster Local 575, 2185 Lemoine Avenue, Fort Lee, NJ 07024. For identification purposes, the official plan number is 001 and the plan sponsor's employer identification number or "EIN" is 22-1921819. For more information about the PBGC and benefit guarantees, go to PBGC's Web site, www.pbgc.gov, or call PBGC toll-free at 1.800.400.7242 (TTY/TDD users may call the Federal relay service toll free at 1.800.877.8339 and ask to be connected to 1.800.400.7242).

ASSET ALLOCATION CHART

FROM DEPARTMENT OF LABOR MODEL NOTICE

Asset Allocations Percentage

- 1. Interest-bearing cash
- 2. U.S. Government securities
- 3. Corporate debt instruments (other than employer securities):

Preferred

All other

4. Corporate stocks (other than employer securities):

Preferred

Common

- 5. Partnership/joint venture interests
- 6. Real estate (other than employer real property)
- 7. Loans (other than to participants)
- 8. Participant loans
- 9. Value of interest in common/collective trusts
- 10. Value of interest in pooled separate accounts
- 11. Value of interest in master trust investment accounts
- 12. Value of interest in 103-12 investment entities
- 13. Value of interest in registered investment companies (e.g., mutual funds)
- 14. Value of funds held in insurance co. general account (unallocated contracts)
- 15. Employer-related investments:

Employer Securities

Employer real property

- 16. Buildings and other property used in plan operation
- 17. Other