Dairy Industry - Union

PENSION PLAN

For Philadelphia and Vicinity MAY - I AM II: 34

FEDERAL LAW REQUIRES THAT CONTRIBUTING EMPLOYERS, BARGAINING UNIT REPRESENTATIVES, PARTICIPANTS, AND BENEFICIARIES RECEIVE THIS NOTICE - PLEASE READ -

FEDERAL FUNDING RULES. Beginning on January 1, 2008, the Pension Protection Act of 2006 (the "PPA") imposed new rules aimed at improving the funding of multiemployer defined benefit plans such as the Dairy Industry-Union Pension Fund for Philadelphia & Vicinity (the "Plan" or, the "Fund"). Under prior law, a multiemployer defined benefit plan was required to address a funding problem only when the plan failed to satisfy minimum funding standards for a given plan year. Unlike prior law, the PPA requires a plan's board of trustees to take certain actions to improve the plan's funding when the plan's actuary projects that the plan will have future funding issues.

Recognizing the impact of various economic forces, Congress enacted the Multiemployer Pension Reform Act of 2014 ("MPRA") on December 16, 2014, which has already significantly impacted many multiemployer pension funds across the country. Among other provisions, MPRA allows a plan's trustees to take proactive steps under certain circumstances in order to avoid future funding problems.

THE PLAN'S ACTUARY MUST CERTIFY FUNDING STATUS. Under the PPA, within the first 90 after the beginning of each plan year, a plan's actuary must certify whether the plan is in endangered, seriously endangered, critical or critical and declining status. A plan's board of trustees may elect to have the plan be in critical status for a plan year if the plan will be in critical status within the next five years but the plan is in endangered - but not yet critical - status.

In general, the two most relevant factors used by the Plan's Actuary to determine the Plan's funding status are the ratio of the Plan's assets to its liabilities (the funded percentage of the Plan) and whether the Plan will be able to satisfy the minimum funding standards within prescribed periods of time. TO BE TO SERVE A STORY OF THE SERVE

PLAN'S CURRENT STATUS. On March 31, 2017, the Plan's Actuary certified to the U.S. Department of the Treasury and to the Fund's Board of Trustees (the "Board" or the "Trustees") that the Plan is in endangered status for the plan year beginning January 1, 2017, because the Plan was less than eighty percent (80%) funded. In addition, the Plan is projected to be in critical status for the plan year beginning January 1, 2018, which is within the five-year MPRA period as noted above, because the Plan is projected to have an accumulated funding deficiency (without regard to the amortization extensions) for the 2022 Plan year. In accordance with MPRA, and after careful



TOPP CAR FOR A CONTRACTOR

consideration, the Trustees voted to elect for the Plan to be in critical status for the Plan Year beginning January 1, 2017 to better address the Plan's current and projected funding problems.

WHY HAS THIS HAPPENED? Even though the Board has been proactive in addressing the Plan's funding problem, like most multiemployer pension plans and even many single employer pension plans sponsored by U.S. companies, the Plan was negatively impacted by the 2008 economic downturn, subsequent recession, and declines in the stock and other market, which caused a significant drop in the value of the Plan's assets. Industries such as the dairy industry have also been impacted by non-union competition, continued volatility within investment markets, and other residual effects of the 2008 recession.

WHAT ACTION HAS THE BOARD TAKEN TO DATE? Since 2011, the Board has taken numerous steps to rebuff these economic forces. In that year, the Plan was certified as in critical status and the Board annually increased employer contributions and instituted certain benefit changes to enable the Plan to emerge from critical status. These changes were successful in permitting the Plan to emerge from critical status for a period of time.

REHABILITATION PLAN. When the Plan's Actuary initially certified the Plan in critical status in 2011, the PPA required the Board to develop and implement a "Rehabilitation Plan" designed to improve the Plan's funding. As part of the Rehabilitation Plan, the Board established schedules that outlined the increased employer contributions and revised benefit structures designed to bring the Plan out of critical status within the required statutory period. The Rehabilitation Plan established schedules that reduced or eliminated certain benefits and increased employer contributions. These schedules were presented to collective bargaining parties, who were required to agree to a Board-approved schedule.

As a result of the Plan's current funding certification, the Trustees are again required to develop and implement a Rehabilitation Plan that provides schedules of reduced or eliminated benefits, increased employer contributions, or both. Bargaining parties must negotiate to adopt a Board-approved schedule as they did in 2011. The Board will provide copies of the 2017 Rehabilitation Plan to bargaining parties as soon as possible after it has been adopted by the Board.

WHAT DOES THIS MEAN FOR CONTRIBUTING EMPLOYERS? To help improve the funding of a plan that is in critical status, the law requires each contributing employer to pay an automatic surcharge beginning 30 days after the employer is notified that the plan is in critical status. The surcharge remains in effect until the employer and the collective bargaining unit have agreed to adopt one of the plan's rehabilitation plan schedules. The surcharge for the first year the Plan is in critical status is equal to 5% of

the amount an employer is otherwise required to contribute and increases to 10% for each succeeding plan year in which the plan remains in critical status.

This means that beginning 30 days after the date of this Notice, each contributing employer will be required to pay a surcharge equal to 5% of the contributions the employer is otherwise required to make to the Fund under the employer's applicable collective bargaining agreement or other agreements, and the automatic surcharge will increase from 5% to 10% as of January 1, 2018. A contributing employer may avoid this surcharge by agreeing with Local Union No. 463 within 30 days of the date of this Notice to adopt one of the Rehabilitation Plan schedules, which will require the employer to increase its monthly contributions from \$605.02 to \$629.22 as of January 1, 2018.

WHAT DOES THIS MEAN FOR PARTICIPANTS? If a participant is retired and receiving benefits as of April 30, 2017, the participant's benefits will not be affected. While the Plan is in critical status, the PPA prohibits the Plan from paying any benefits in the form of a lump sum or any other payment in excess of the monthly amount payable in the form of a single life annuity (other than certain Social Security supplements, small benefit cash outs, and certain retroactive payments). In addition, vested retirement benefits will continue to be partially guaranteed by the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation (the "PBGC"). For example, the PBGC guarantees a monthly benefit payment equal to 100 percent of the first \$11 of the Plan's monthly benefit accrual rate, plus 75 percent of the next \$33 of the accrual rate, times each year of credited service. The PBGC's maximum guarantee is \$35.75 per month times a participant's years of credited service.

POSSIBLE FUTURE BENEFIT REDUCTIONS. No adjustment or reductions in benefits are contemplated at this time. Depending upon the Plan's investment performance in 2017 and beyond, the financial health of the contributing employers, changes in pension law, increases and/or decreases in the Plan's projected assets and benefit obligations, and other factors, it is possible that the Board may need to update the Rehabilitation Plan to require additional increases in employer contributions and/or reductions in future benefit accruals for participants. If the Board determines that reductions in future benefit accruals are necessary as a result of MPRA or otherwise, participants will receive a separate notice in advance of any reductions, which will identify and explain the effect of those additional reductions, as applicable.

LOOKING AHEAD. The Board is continuously working to develop ways to secure participants' and beneficiaries' benefits well into the future. As a result of the PPA and MPRA, bargaining parties are being asked to work together to improve the funded status of the Plan going forward. Since 2011, as noted above, employers have significantly increased their contributions and participants and beneficiaries have had certain benefits reduced or eliminated, and the Trustees may be required to impose

similar contribution increases and benefit reductions in the future. The Board will continue to evaluate the Fund's progress and update the Rehabilitation Plan, as necessary.

WHERE TO GET MORE INFORMATION. For more information about this Notice, you may contact the Board of Trustees, Dairy Industry-Union Pension Fund for Philadelphia & Vicinity, 400 Franklin Avenue, Suite 135, Phoenixville, PA 19460 or by calling (215) 483-6000. You will have a right to receive a copy of the Rehabilitation Plan when it is completed.

Date: April 28, 2017

cc. United States Department of Labor; Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation

2017 HAY - 1 AM III: 34

Dairy Industry - Union

PENSION PLAN

For Philadelphia and Vicinity

April 26, 2017

CERTIFIED RETURN RECEIPT MAIL

U. S. Department of Labor **Employee Benefit Security Administration** Public Disclosure Room N-1515 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20210

RE: **Notice of Endangered Status**

Dear Sir/Madam:

Pursuant to federal regulation, the Dairy Industry Union Pension Plan for Philadelphia and Vicinity is providing the U.S. Department of Labor with a copy of the Notice of Endangered Status for the plan year beginning January 1, 2017.

Sincerely,

Joyce Karkoska **Fund Manager**

The production of the control of the

